#### MAP SEARCH SYSTEM

# CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is based on and incorporates herein by reference Japanese Patent Application No. 2003-4328 filed on January 10, 2003.

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#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

enabling a user to reduce procedure for retrieving an on-map position on map data. In particular, it relates to a map search system uses map data that covers a wide range of region having a plurality of search areas. Here, the map search system is capable of automatically designating a corresponding search area as a targeted search area within which an on-map position can be retrieved.

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A car navigation device is conventionally equipped with a map search system for retrieving an on-map position that is a position on map data with purposes such as designating a destination. Namely, when a map search system is started by user's input of a search item such as an address, a phone number, a facility name, or the like, an on-map position corresponding to the inputted search item is retrieved on map data. A map around the on-map position is then displayed on a display unit. The user thereby recognizes the on-map position on

the displayed map and designates the on-map position as a destination through manipulating a switch.

For the above map search system, the car navigation device possesses search information items that are related to the respective on-map positions. The search information items include an address, a phone number, a facility name, or the like inputted as the search item.

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In a car navigation device using map data that covers a wide range of region, the wide range of region is divided into a plurality of search areas. The search information items belong to the respective search areas. Namely, each of the search information items is related to one of the plurality of search areas. Here, when a search item is inputted, within a targeted search area the inputted search item is collated with search information items related to the targeted search area. The reason why a search area for retrieving the on-map position is limited to the single targeted search area is that the number of candidates of the search information items becomes too large if an area for retrieving is expanded to the entire wide range of region.

The above-mentioned targeted search area is typically designated by the user. Once the targeted search area is designated, the designated targeted search area is apt to be continuously retained. Therefore, when a certain search area including a destination is different from the targeted search area, the user needs to switch the targeted search area from the currently designated search area into the certain search area.

Here, the user at first determines whether the certain search area is currently designated as the targeted search area. When the certain area is determined to be currently not designated, the user needs to switch the targeted search area from the current search area into the certain search area. This involves user's bothersome procedure for switching the targeted search area in the map search.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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It is an object of the present invention to provide a map search system capable of reducing bothersome procedure for retrieving an on-map position even when a map search is executed within a targeted search area that is previously designated among a plurality of search areas.

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To achieve the above object, a map search system using map data is provided with the following. An item is selected for retrieving an on-map position. Search information items are Here, a given search information item is related to a given search area of search areas and used for retrieving an onmap position related to the given search information item within the given search area. Within a targeted search area, an on-map position corresponding to the selected item is retrieved by collating the selected item with search information related to the targeted search area. Area-designating information items stored. Here, an area-designating are information item is related to a search area of the search areas. It is then determined whether the selected item

corresponds to any one of the area-designating information items. When the selected item is determined to correspond to a certain area-designating information item that is related to a certain search area, the certain search area is designated as the targeted search area.

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In this structure, a targeted search area is automatically designated based on address-book information and area-designating information. User's procedure in designating a targeted search area for retrieving an on-map position can be thereby reduced.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above and other objects, features, and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description made with reference to the accompanying drawings. In the drawings:

- FIG. 1 is a schematic block diagram showing an overall structure of a car navigation device using a map search system according to an embodiment of the present invention;
- 20 FIG. 2 is a flowchart diagram showing processing of automatically switching a targeted search area according to the embodiment;
  - FIG. 3 is a diagram showing a structure of an addressbook information item according to the embodiment; and
- 25 FIG. 4 is a diagram showing instances of areadesignating information items according to the embodiment.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A map search system according to an embodiment of the present invention will be explained with reference to drawings. The map search system of the embodiment is directed to a car navigation device 100, which will be explained below.

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FIG. 1 is a block diagram schematically showing an overall structure of a car navigation device 100. As shown in the figure, the car navigation device 100 mounted in a vehicle includes a map data storage 1, a manipulation switch group 2, a remote controller sensor 3, an external memory 4, a display unit 5, a speaker 6, a position detector 10, and a control circuit 20, for controlling navigation, connected with the preceding components.

The control circuit 20 is constructed as being a common computer having a CPU, a ROM, a RAM, an I/O, and a bus that is connected with the preceding components. The ROM is stored with an executable program of the control circuit 20. According to the executable program, the CPU executes a given computation.

The map data storage 1 stores search information 1a and map data for displaying a road map. The map data storage is for inputting the search information 1a and the map data into the control circuit 20. As the map data storage 1, a DVD-ROM or a CD-ROM is typically used based on its data volume, but a memory card, a hard disk, or the like can be also used.

The map data includes road data indicating connection states between roads and land mark data including facilities and indication characters that are displayed along with the road

data. The map data is used for displaying a road map on a screen of the display unit 5. The map data is formed on a basis of given latitude and longitude as a reference. When a destination searched for, an on-map destination position that is destination position on the map data can be designated based on coordinates of the latitude and longitude destination. The search information la includes facility names, facility types, phone numbers, addresses, coordinates, or the The search information la is used when a search function The search function is for retrieving an on-map is executed. position or an on-map facility corresponding to an address, a facility name, or the like inputted by a user.

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Each of search information items la included in the search information la is stored in the map data storage 1 with being related to one of a plurality of search areas. each of the search information items belongs to one of the search areas. Here, an entire region covered by the map data is divided into the plurality of search areas. When the search function is executed, one of the plurality of search areas is designated as a targeted search area and only search information related to the targeted search area are thereby items 1a searched. The reason why a search area for retrieving the on-map position is limited to the single targeted search area is that the number of candidates of the search information items becomes too large if a search area is expanded to the entire wide range of region. This naturally involves a longer search processing increase of the number of extracted candidates. period or

Bothersome procedures are thereby needed for designating the onmap position.

The manipulation switch group 2 includes touch panel switches that are integrated with the display unit 5 or mechanical switches to be used for various input. The remote controller sensor 3 is for receiving manipulating signals from a remote controller (not shown) and for inputting the received signals into the control circuit 20. Namely, the manipulation switch group 2 and the remote controller sensor 3 are used for detecting user's input manipulation for inputting or selecting a search item corresponding to a position.

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The external memory 4 including an external storage medium such as a flash memory, a memory card, or the like stores various programs, address-book information 4a, area-designating information 4b used for automatically designating a targeted search area, or the like.

The display unit 5 including an LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) is for receiving image output signals from the control circuit 20. The display unit 5 is for displaying: an own vehicle mark that is displayed based on a vehicle's present position detected by the position detector 10; a map surrounding the present position generated by using the map data inputted from the map data storage 1; the contents of the address-book information 4a. When a search item is selected by input of an address of a position or the like or by using the address-book information 4a, the display unit 5 is used for further displaying the on-map position and its surrounding map that

correspond to the selected search item.

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The speaker 6 is, e.g., for notifying via speech a guide route when route assistance is executed by setting a destination, or for notifying via speech an effect of switching the targeted search area when the targeted search area is switched.

position detector 10 includes GPS (Global Positioning System) receiver 11, a gyroscope 12, a distance a geomagnetic sensor 14, or the like. The GPS sensor 13, receiver 11 detects the present position of the vehicle based on radio waves from GPS satellites. Each sensor 11 to 14 has a different characteristic and detection accuracy, so that high detection accuracy is obtained by adjusting respective errors through combining signals from the sensors 11 Here, a required accuracy level may properly select some of the sensors 11 to 14 instead of selecting all the sensors 11 Furthermore, the position detector 10 can include a to 14. rotation sensor detecting a steering position, a speed sensor of each drive wheel, or the like.

The above-mentioned car navigation device 100 has a search function of a map search. In this function, when a search item indicating a position is inputted through the manipulation switch group 2 or remote controller (not shown), an on-map position corresponding to the inputted search item is retrieved. Here, the search item is a facility name, an address, a phone number, address-book information 4a, or the like. When the retrieved on-map position is set as a destination, a routing

function is executed. In this function, a guide route is computed and displayed on the display unit 5 through automatically retrieving the most appropriate route from the present position to the destination.

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The above functions are executed through various processing mainly by the control circuit 20. In detail, when a search item corresponding to a position is selected, the control circuit 20 extracts, using the search information la belonging to the targeted search area, a position or a facility matching to the selected search item from the search information la. The extracted position or facility is displayed on the display unit 5 along with a surrounding map. Furthermore, when the position is set as a destination, a guide route is computed using the road data of the map data in the map data storage 1 to be displayed on the display unit 5. When the routing function is executed, branching positions or intersections for turning right or left are zoomed in on the map or notified via speech.

In the next place, as a feature of the embodiment, processing of automatically switching a targeted search area will be explained below with reference to FIGs. 2 to 4.

Referring to FIG. 3, each address-book information item of the address-book information 4a includes a facility name or a person name (in a case of a personal residence), an address, and a phone number. These individual items of the address-book information item 4a are principally inputted and registered by a user. When the individual items are thus registered, using the registered individual items retrieving an on-map position can be

easily executed. In detail, through manipulation of displaying the address-book information 4a, the individual items registered in the address-book information item 4a are displayed as a one-page list or with scrolling pages. When one of the displayed individual items is then selected as a search item, an on-map position corresponding to the selected individual item can be retrieved.

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Referring to FIG. 4, the area-designating information 4b is set with being related to search areas. Namely, the area-designating information 4b includes groups of area-designating information items. Each of groups is related to each of search areas No. 1, 2, 3, etc. Here, each of the search areas includes a group of own search information items 1a.

Referring to FIG. 2, at Step 1, it is determined whether a single address-book information item registered in the address-book information 4a is selected as a search item for retrieving an on-map position. Here, it is provided that a given search area is previously designated as a targeted search area. When the single address-book information item 4a is determined to be selected, the processing proceeds to Step 2.

At Step 2, it is determined whether address information is included in the selected address-book information item 4a. Namely, since each of the address-book information items (that is, the individual items) of the address-book information 4a is principally registered by the user, whether the user registers the address information is confirmed. When the address information is determined to be not included, the processing

proceeds to Step 9. Here, the given search area currently designated as the targeted search area is retained as the targeted search area. The individual items registered in the selected address-book information item 4a are then collated with the search information items 1a belonging to the given search area. By contrast, when the address information is determined to be included, the processing proceeds to Step 3.

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At Step 3, the address information is collated with the area-designating information 4b. For instance, state information is included in the registered individual items shown in FIG. 3. information is thereby collated with the areastate designating information 4b. When the state information is not registered and city information is instead registered, the city information collated can be with the area-designating information 4b.

At Step 4, it is determined whether an area-designating information item 4b matching to the address information is a result of Step 3. When an area-designating present as item 4b matching to the address information is information determined to be present, the processing proceeds to Step 5. Here, when the area-designating information item 4b matching to the address information belongs to a certain search area, the certain search area is once designated as a candidate of a targeted search area. Otherwise, when any area-designating information item 4b matching to the address information is determined to be not present, the processing proceeds to Step 9.

As explained above, as shown in FIG. 4, the area-

designating information 4b includes the groups of areadesignating information items. Each of the groups is related to each of the search areas No. 1, 2, 3, etc. Accordingly, when state or city information is included as the address information and matches to given area-designating information 4b, a search area corresponding to the given area-designating information 4b can be designated as a targeted search area. In an instance shown in FIGs. 3, 4, "California" as state information is registered as the address information. As a result of collation with the area-designating information 4b, "California" matches to the area-designating information belonging to an area No. 3. The area No. 3 can be designated as the targeted search area.

At Step 6, it is determined whether the certain search area designated as the candidate of the targeted search area is the same as the given search area of the current targeted search area. When the certain search area is determined to be different from the given search area, the processing proceeds to Step 7. Here, the targeted search area is switched from the given search area into the certain search area. Otherwise, when the certain search area is determined to be the same as the given search area, the processing proceeds to Step 9 without switching the targeted search area.

At Step 8, an effect that the targeted search area is switched is notified to the user through the display unit 5 and the speaker 6. Since the targeted search area should be basically designated by the user, switching the targeted search area is notified to the user for being confirmed by the user.

Here, the new targeted search area is preferably notified for the user to recognize the switched targeted search area.

At Step 9 entered from Steps 7 and 8, the certain search area is currently designated as the targeted search area. Any one of the individual items, e.g., a facility name, an address, number, registered in the selected address-book information item 4a is thereby collated with the information la belonging to the certain for search area designating a search information item 4a. From the coordinates latitude and longitude of the designated information item la, an on-map position is computed and the computed on-map position and the surrounding map are displayed on the display unit 5.

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Thereafter, as terminating of the search function is commanded or the displayed on-map position is designated as a destination position, the processing at Step 10 is started.

At Step 10, it is determined whether switching the targeted search area is executed at Step 7. When the switching is determined to be executed, the targeted search area is switched back from the current targeted search area (certain search area) into the previous targeted search area (given search area) at Step 11. The user is apt to designate a search area that is frequently used as a targeted search area. After the above search processing using the certain search area as the targeted search area, the targeted search area is automatically switched back into the given search area. This enhances user's convenience.

As explained above, according to the car navigation device 100, area-designating information 4b for designating a targeted search area is stored with being related to each of areas Nos. 1, 2, 3, etc. When address information matches to a certain area-designating information item 4b, a targeted search area is assigned to a certain search area that includes the certain area-designating information item 4b. Accordingly, based on the area-designating information 4b and the address-book information 4a, the targeted search area can be automatically switched into the certain search area that includes an on-map position to be retrieved. This reduces bothersome procedure of a user in a map search.

### (Modification)

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In the above embodiment, registered individual items of the address-book information 4a are inputted by a user. However, the address-book information 4a can beforehand include, as registered individual items, names, addresses, or the like of tourist facilities, administrative facilities, or the like.

Ιn above embodiment, single address-book the a information item 4a is selected from the address-book information 4a as a search item and the selected item is used for designating a targeted search area and then retrieving a corresponding on-map position. However, even when a user inputs as a search item a facility name, a phone number, or the like, the inputted search item can be also used for designating a targeted search area and then retrieving a corresponding on-map position. Here, there are two possibilities. For instance, the above inputted search item is at first collated with registered individual items within the address-book information 4a. When a certain registered individual item that matches to the inputted search item is present, the certain registered individual item is used for designating a corresponding search area. The corresponding search area is then automatically designated as a targeted search area.

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Furthermore, for instance, in a case where the inputted search item includes address information, the inputted search item is directly used for designating a corresponding search area. Here, the address information means information including any kind of information that can locate a position, a location, an area, or the like. In detail, when "Bank of California" is inputted as the search item, "California" of an area name portion is extracted from the inputted search item. The extracted "California" can be determined whether it matches to any one of the area-designating information 4b.

Furthermore, in embodiment, the the above areadesignating information 4b includes words indicating included in a corresponding search area. However, information other than the words indicating areas can be included in the area-designating information 4b. For instance, long distance numbers of phone numbers can be also included. Here, an inputted long distance number can be collated with registered individual items within the address-book information 4a for designating a corresponding search area. Namely, the long distance number can be also included in the address information.

It will be obvious to those skilled in the art that various changes may be made in the above-described embodiments of the present invention. However, the scope of the present invention should be determined by the following claims.